

Annual Report for the year ended
31 December 2018

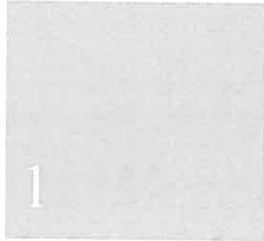
The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life
Assurance Scheme

Pensions Authority Number: 3399



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Trustees' Report

Introduction

The Trustees present the annual report on the operation of The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme (the "Scheme") for the year ended 31 December 2018. The content of this report conforms to the Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 (as amended) prescribed by the Minister for Employment Affairs and Social Protection under the Pensions Act 1990. The report outlines the constitution and structure of the Scheme together with details of financial developments for the year, investment matters and membership movements.

Queries in relation to Scheme benefits or related matters should be addressed, in the first instance to the Director of Human Resources, Law Society of Ireland, Blackhall Place, Dublin 7.

The Scheme

The Scheme, which operates on a defined benefit basis, was established to provide retirement and life assurance benefits for its members and is a distinct legal entity, separate in every respect from the principal employer, the Law Society of Ireland, Blackhall Place, Dublin 7. Membership is open to eligible employees of the principal employer.

In compliance with Financial Services & Pensions Ombudsman Regulations Act 2017, a procedure has been put in place to facilitate Internal Dispute Resolution. Details of this procedure have been set out in the explanatory booklet which has been made available and distributed to members.

The Scheme is governed by the Trust Deed & Rules; members are entitled to inspect these documents or, on payment of a small charge, receive a copy of them. Details of members' benefits are also provided in the explanatory booklet which has been distributed to all members and individual details appear on each member's benefit statement. There have been no changes during the year to the Scheme information specified in Schedule C of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

The Scheme has been approved by the Revenue Commissioners as an "exempt approved scheme" under Section 774 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 and as such its assets are generally allowed to accumulate free of income and capital gains taxes. In addition, tax relief is given on employer and member contributions to the Scheme and certain lump sum payments to members can be paid free of tax.

The Scheme has also been registered with The Pensions Authority and its registration number is 3399.

The Scheme is financed by contributions from the employer and members. Details of contributions and other financial developments during the year are set out herein.

The Trustees

Stewardship of Scheme assets is in the hands of its Trustees. The right of members to select, or approve the selection of, trustees is set out in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Member Participation in the selection of Persons for Appointment as Trustees) (No. 3) Regulations 1996.

The Trustees and the Scheme administrator have access at all times to:

- (1) Trustees' Handbook produced by The Pensions Authority; and
- (2) Guidance Notes issued by The Pensions Authority from time to time.

Section 59AA of the Pensions Act 1990, which requires trustees of pension schemes to undergo training, was brought into force on 1 February 2010 by virtue of the Social Welfare and Pensions Act 2008 (Section 28) (Commencement) Order 2009. The Trustees have adhered to their training obligations as required by the Pensions Act within the time limits set out therein.

The Trustees have access to appropriate training on their duties and responsibilities, however, no costs or expenses were incurred by the Scheme in respect of Trustee training during the year.

Management of the Scheme

The Trustees of the Scheme as at the date of signing are detailed on page 7.

Unless otherwise indicated the Trustees served for the entire period and are still serving at the date of approval of the Annual Report.

Additional advisors to the Scheme are also outlined on page 7.

Condition of the Scheme

The financial condition of the Scheme is dealt with in the Financial Developments, Actuarial Position and Investment Management sections of this report.

Statement of Risks

Under the Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 (as amended), the Trustees are required to describe the risks associated with the Scheme and disclose these to members. A Statement of Risks adopted by the Trustees is included in the Appendices to this report.

The Scheme is funded by contributions from the employer and members. Actuarial advice will have been obtained when setting those contributions. However, there is no guarantee that the Scheme will have sufficient funds to pay the benefits promised. It is therefore possible that the benefits payable under the Scheme may have to be reduced. If the Scheme is wound up and there is a deficit, the employer may not be under an obligation to fund the deficit or, even if the employer is under such an obligation, they may not be in a position to fund the deficit.

Financial Developments

The value of the Scheme's net assets decreased from €39,644,704 at the start of the year to €39,100,200 at the year end. This decrease was accounted for by the negative net returns on the Scheme's investments of €1,443,589 combined with the additions from dealings with members of €899,085.

Benefits and payments to leavers amounted to €942,649 and premiums in respect of insured benefits amounted to €112,820.

Contributions

Contributions for the year amounted to €1,954,554. With the exception of the contributions mentioned in Note 19 of the Financial Statements, contributions were paid in accordance with the rules of the Scheme and the recommendations of the Actuary and were received in full within 30 days of the year end.

The Trustees are satisfied that appropriate procedures have been put in place to ensure that contributions payable are received in accordance with the legislative requirements as set out under Section 58A of the Pensions Act 1990. This legislation sets out the following requirements:

- Member contributions must be received within 21 days from the end of the month in which they were deducted from pay.
- Employer contributions must be received in accordance with the timings noted by the Actuary and stated in the Trust Deed and Rules and otherwise within 30 days of the end of the Scheme year.

The above details have been extracted from the financial statements of the Scheme which form part of this report.

Membership Movements

	Active Members	Life Insurance Only Members	Pensioners	Deferred Pensioners
At 1 January 2018	162	65	18	48
New members during the year	7	26	5	5
Leavers during the year	(11)	(18)	-	(2)
At 31 December 2018	<u>158</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>51</u>

Pensions

The Scheme does not provide for automatic increases to pensions in the course of payment. There is, however, a power which enables the Trustees to review pensions in payment and to recommend discretionary increases to the principal employer for its approval. Increases of 0.4% were awarded during the year.

The statutory element of deferred pensions is revalued annually in accordance with the Pensions Act 1990 (as amended), generally at the lower of 4% and the rate of change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The rate declared in the year under review was 0.5%.

There are no pensions or pension increases being paid by or at the request of the Trustees for which the Scheme would not have a liability in the event of winding up.

Actuarial Position

Ongoing funding position

The development of the Scheme is monitored by the Scheme Actuary by means of an actuarial valuation which is carried out every three years. The most recent valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2015. Based on that valuation the Actuary recommended the future contribution rate to be paid by the employer such that, if the valuation projections reflected the actual experience, the recommended rate would suffice to meet the future benefit payments from the Scheme as they fall due. The employer is contributing at the recommended rate. The next valuation due to be carried out with an effective date of 31 December 2018 is under the course of completion.

Discontinuance funding position

Section 44 of the Pensions Act 1990 (the Act) sets out a funding standard test which is a measure of the minimum liabilities if the Scheme discontinued. If assets are insufficient to meet liabilities on this statutory minimum level, the Trustees and company must take action to restore the funding level. The actual liabilities on discontinuance may be substantially higher than this statutory minimum level. An Actuarial Funding Certificate (AFC) stating that the Scheme met this statutory minimum test was prepared by the Actuary with an effective date of 31 December 2015 is included as one of the Appendices to this report.

The funding standard test also includes additional reserves. A copy of the Funding Standard Reserve Certificate is also included in the Appendices confirming that the Scheme met the Funding Standard Reserve at 31 December 2015.

The Act requires a statement from the Scheme Actuary concerning the funding standard and funding standard reserve position of the Scheme as at the year end. A copy of this statement in which the Actuary confirms that the Scheme met both the statutory tests at 31 December 2018 is included as one of the Appendices to this report.

In line with guidelines set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice, Financial Reports of Pensions Schemes (Revised November 2014) an additional requirement to include a Report on Actuarial Liabilities alongside the financial statements of the Plan is also included in the Appendices to this report.

Investment Management

It is the policy of the Trustees to delegate the management of the Scheme's assets to professional investment managers, currently Irish Life Investment Managers Limited, Standard Life Investments Limited and Invesco Asset Management Limited. Invesco Asset Management Limited was appointed as a manager in June 2018.

The Trustees set the investment strategy for the Scheme taking into account considerations such as long term liabilities and the funding agreed with the employer. The investment strategy is set out in its Statement of Investment Policy Principles as are the investment objectives, investment risk measurement methods, risk management processes to be used and the strategic asset allocation. A Statement of Investment Policy Principles adopted by the Trustees is included as one of the Appendices to this report.

The managers have, within specified mandates, total discretion in the investment of Scheme assets and provide detailed reports to the Trustees on the strategy adopted and on the performance of the monies invested. A commentary by each of the managers on the performance achieved during the year is included as one of the Appendices to this report.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") requires the disclosure of the nature and extent of credit and market risks the investments are subject to and the risk management practices in place to manage these. These details are included in the Investment Risks note to the financial statements included with this report.

The managers are remunerated on a fee basis calculated as a percentage of the assets under management and these fees are reflected in unit prices and borne by the Scheme.

Employer Related Investments

There were no employer related investments at any time during the year.

Subsequent Events

Since the year end, there have been no significant events that would require amendment to or disclosure in the Annual Report.


In Conclusion

We trust that members find this report informative and we are pleased to acknowledge the assistance received from the principal employer and its staff during the year as well as from our various professional advisers.

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustees:

Trustee: 

Date: 20 September 2019

Trustee: 
 Pension Trustee
 Law Society

Trustees & Advisers

Trustees

Philip Joyce (retired 31 December 2018)
Mary Ann McDermott
Rory O'Neill
Simon Murphy
Michael Quinlan (appointed 31 December 2018)

Registered Administrator

Mercer (Ireland) Limited
Charlotte House
Charlemont Street
Dublin 2

Consultant

Mercer (Ireland) Limited
Charlotte House
Charlemont Street
Dublin 2

Actuary

Mr. Cathal Fleming F.S.A.I
Mercer (Ireland) Limited
Charlotte House
Charlemont Street
Dublin 2

Underwriter

Zurich Life Assurance plc
Zurich House
Frascati Road
Blackrock
Co. Dublin

Investment Managers

Irish Life Investment Managers Limited
Beresford Court
Beresford Place
Dublin 1

Standard Life Investments Limited
90 St. Stephen's Green
Dublin 2

Invesco Asset Management Limited
(Appointed 18 June 2018)
Perpetual Park Drive
Henley-on-Thames
Oxfordshire
UK

AVC Provider

New Ireland Life Assurance Company plc
11/12 Dawson Street
Dublin 2

Trustees & Advisers

Independent Auditors

Deloitte Ireland LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
Deloitte & Touche House
Charlotte Quay
Limerick



Financial Statements

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The financial statements are the responsibility of the Trustees. Irish pension legislation requires the Trustees to make available for each Scheme year the annual report of the Scheme, including audited financial statements and the report of the auditor. The financial statements are required to show a true and fair view, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 - the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland, of the financial transactions for the Scheme year and the amount and disposition of the assets and liabilities (other than liabilities to pay benefits in the future) at the end of the Scheme year and include a statement as to whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Statement of Recommended Practice - Financial Reports of Pension Schemes (Revised November 2014), ("the SORP"), subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

Accordingly, the Trustees must ensure that they have supervised the preparation of the Scheme financial statements and ensure that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and then applied consistently;
- reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates are made; and
- the SORP is followed, or particulars of any material departures are disclosed and explained.

The Trustees are required by law to have appropriate procedures in place throughout the year under review, to ensure that:

- contributions payable during the Scheme year are received by the Trustees in accordance with the timetable set out in section 58A of the Pensions Act 1990 where applicable to the contributions and otherwise within 30 days of the end of the Scheme year; and
- contributions payable are paid in accordance with the rules of the Scheme.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that proper membership and financial records are kept on a timely basis sufficient to enable an Annual Report to be prepared for the Scheme containing the information specified in Regulation 7 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 (as amended), including financial statements which show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme in the year under review and of the assets and liabilities at the year end, other than liabilities for pensions and other benefits payable after the year end. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Scheme and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal controls.

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustees:

Trustee:



Trustee:

Manuela McFadden
Pension Trustee
Law Society

Date:

20 September 2019

Independent Auditors' Report to the Trustees Of The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements of the Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme ("the scheme")

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework of the financial transactions of the scheme during the financial year ended 31 December 2018 and of the amount and disposition of the assets and liabilities (other than liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits in the future) at that date; and
- include the information specified in Schedule A to the Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 which is applicable and material to the scheme.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the fund account
- statement of net assets available for benefits; and
- the related notes 1 to 21 including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish pension law, the Statement of Recommended Practice - "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" and FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("financial reporting framework")

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the scheme in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the scheme's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are expected to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are expected to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements giving a true and fair view, for ensuring that contributions are made to the scheme in accordance with the scheme's rules and the recommendation of the actuary and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the scheme's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the scheme's ability to continue as a going concern.
- If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that the auditor identifies during the audit.

This report is made solely to the scheme's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 56 of the Pensions Act, 1990. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the scheme trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the scheme's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Occupational Pension Scheme (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006

In our opinion:

- the contributions payable to the scheme during the financial year ended 31 December 2018 have been received by the trustees within thirty days of the end of the scheme financial year; and
- the contributions have been paid in accordance with the scheme rules and the recommendation of the actuary.



Niall Gleeson
For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP,
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm,
Deloitte & Touche House,
Charlotte Quay,
Limerick.

Date: 24 September 2019

Fund Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 €	2017 €
Contributions and Benefits			
Member contributions	6	674,206	632,328
Employer contributions	7	1,280,348	1,272,573
Other income	8	-	160,003
		<u>1,954,554</u>	<u>2,064,904</u>
Benefits			
Benefits	9	942,016	780,362
Leavers	10	633	2,886
Other payments	11	112,820	105,606
		<u>1,055,469</u>	<u>888,854</u>
<i>Net additions from dealings with members</i>		<u>899,085</u>	<u>1,176,050</u>
Returns on investments			
Investment income	12	16,746	12,310
Change in market value of investments	13	(1,444,644)	2,224,183
Investment management expenses	14	(15,691)	(15,927)
		<u>(1,443,589)</u>	<u>2,220,566</u>
<i>Net returns on investments</i>		<u>(1,443,589)</u>	<u>2,220,566</u>
<i>Net (decrease) / increase in the Scheme during the Year</i>		<u>(544,504)</u>	<u>3,396,616</u>
Net assets of the Scheme at start of year		<u>39,644,704</u>	<u>36,248,088</u>
Net assets of the Scheme at end of year		<u><u>39,100,200</u></u>	<u><u>39,644,704</u></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustees:

Trustee: 

Trustee: 

Date: 20 September 2019

Pension Trustee
Law Society

Statement of Net Assets available for benefits as at 31 December 2018

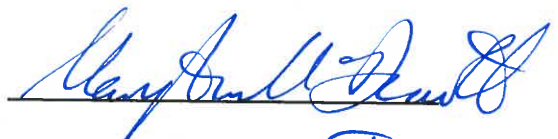
	Notes	2018 €	2017 €
<i>Investment Assets</i>			
Pooled investment vehicles	13	36,803,638	37,007,789
AVC investments	13	2,227,625	2,544,885
<i>Total Investment assets</i>		<u>39,031,263</u>	<u>39,552,674</u>
Current assets	15	151,551	312,510
Current liabilities	16	(82,614)	(220,480)
NET ASSETS		<u><u>39,100,200</u></u>	<u><u>39,644,704</u></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 27 form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustees. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the Scheme, which does take account of such obligations, is dealt with in the Trustees' Report and in the actuarial certificates, statement and report on actuarial liabilities included in the annual report and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with them.

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustees:

Trustee: 

Trustee: 
Pension Trustee
Law Society

Date:

Notes to the financial statements

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2006 (as amended), Financial Reporting Standard 102 - the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") issued by the Financial Reporting Council and in line with the guidelines set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice, Financial Reports of Pension Schemes (Revised November 2014) ("SORP").

1. Accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted by the Trustees which have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Scheme's financial statements are as follows:

A. Investments:

Investments are included at fair value. Where separate bid and offer prices are available the bid price is used for investment assets. Otherwise the closing single price, single dealing price, net asset value (NAV) or most recent transaction price is used.

Unitised pooled investment vehicles which are not traded on an active market but where the manager is able to demonstrate that they are priced daily, weekly or at each month end, and are actually traded on substantially all pricing days are included at the last price provided by the manager at or before the year end.

B. Investment Income:

Investment income and interest on bank deposits is accounted for on the accruals basis. Income earned on investments in unit linked funds is not distributed but is accumulated within the capital of the funds.

C. Investment Management Fees:

Investment management fees are calculated as a percentage of the assets under management and these fees are borne by the Scheme. Fees relating to unit funds are not levied directly but are reflected in unit prices and also borne by the Scheme.

D. Contributions:

Normal contributions, both from the members and from the employer, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the month member contributions are deducted from the payroll. Employer augmentation contributions are accounted for in accordance with the agreement under which they are paid, or in the absence of such an agreement, when received. Additional voluntary contributions from the members are accounted for, on an accruals basis, in the month deducted from the payroll.

E. Payments to members:

Benefits are accounted for in the period in which they fall due. Where there is a choice, benefits are accounted for in the period in which the member notifies the Trustees of their decision on the type or amount of benefit to be taken or if there is no member choice, on the date of retirement or leaving.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies (continued)

F. Additional Voluntary Contributions:

In addition to their normal contributions under the Scheme, members may make additional voluntary contributions to acquire further benefits on a money purchase basis. In line with the SORP (revised November 2014) AVC assets are now included in the Net Assets of the Scheme and are included in the Statement of Net Assets available for benefits on page 15.

G. Transfers to and from other Schemes:

Transfer values represent the amounts receivable and payable during the year for members who have either joined or left the Scheme. All the values are based on methods and assumptions determined by the Actuary advising the Trustees. The values are accounted for upon liability being accepted by the receiving Scheme.

H. Expenses:

All administrative expenses are borne directly by the employer.

2. Taxation

The Scheme has been approved as an “exempt approved scheme” for the purposes of Section 774 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 and thus Scheme income and gains are generally exempt from taxation.

3. Constitution of the Scheme

The Scheme was established as a Defined Benefit Scheme with effect from 11 April 1973 under a Definitive Trust dated 19 December 1997.

4. Benefits

Pension benefits under the Scheme are provided for by direct investment. The death in service benefits are secured by policies underwritten by the insurer to the Scheme.

5. Actuarial valuation

The development of the Scheme is monitored by the Scheme Actuary by means of an actuarial valuation which is carried out every three years. The most recent valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2015. Based on that valuation the Actuary recommended the future contribution rate to be paid by the employer such that, if the valuation projections reflected the actual experience, the recommended rate would suffice to meet the future benefit payments from the Scheme as they fall due. The employer is contributing at the recommended rate. The next valuation due to be carried out with an effective date of 31 December 2018 is under the course of completion.

Notes to the financial statements

6. Member contributions

	2018 €	2017 €
Normal	466,936	467,296
Additional voluntary contributions	207,270	165,032
	<u>674,206</u>	<u>632,328</u>

7. Employer contributions

	2018 €	2017 €
Normal	1,167,528	1,166,967
Other - term insurance policy	112,820	105,606
	<u>1,280,348</u>	<u>1,272,573</u>

8. Other income

	2018 €	2017 €
Claims on term insurance policies	-	160,003
	<u>-</u>	<u>160,003</u>

9. Benefits

	2018 €	2017 €
Pensions		
Lump sums on retirement	384,042	351,792
Lump sums on death in service	320,577	163,853
Purchase of ARF/AMRF	-	160,003
	237,397	104,714
	<u>942,016</u>	<u>780,362</u>

Notes to the financial statements

10. Leavers

	2018 €	2017 €
Bulk transfer out to DC Scheme	(935)	2,060
Refunds to members leaving service	1,568	826
	<u>633</u>	<u>2,886</u>

The bulk transfer out is in respect of DC contributions invested in the DB scheme.

11. Other payments

	2018 €	2017 €
Premiums on term insurance policies	<u>112,820</u>	<u>105,606</u>

12. Investment income

	2018 €	2017 €
Investment income	<u>16,746</u>	<u>12,310</u>

13. Investments

Reconciliation of investments held at beginning and end of year:

	Value at 01/01/2018 €	Purchases €	Sales proceeds €	Change in market value €	Value at 31/12/2018 €
Pooled investment vehicles	37,007,789	5,358,137	(4,227,431)	(1,334,857)	36,803,638
AVC investments	<u>2,544,885</u>	<u>218,336</u>	<u>(425,809)</u>	<u>(109,787)</u>	<u>2,227,625</u>
Total net investment assets	<u>39,552,674</u>	<u>5,576,473</u>	<u>(4,653,240)</u>	<u>(1,444,644)</u>	<u>39,031,263</u>

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year.

Direct transaction costs such as fees, commissions and stamp duty, are included in the cost of purchases and sale proceeds.

Indirect costs are incurred through bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles. The amounts of indirect transaction costs are not separately provided to the Scheme.

Notes to the financial statements

13. Investments continued

Investments as at 31 December 2018 are detailed below:

	€	% of net assets 2018	€	% of net assets 2017
Pooled Investment Vehicles				
Irish Life Investment Managers				
LSI Balanced	30,308,732	77	30,941,787	78
Pension Consensus Fund	270,829	1	360,885	1
European Property Fund	-	-	175,366	1
Standard Life Investment Manager				
Global Absolute Return Strategies Fund	-	-	3,109,147	8
Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund (SICAV)	2,960,002	8	2,420,604	6
Invesco Asset Management Limited				
Invesco Global Targeted Returns Fund	3,264,074	8	-	-
AVC investments				
New Ireland Life Assurance Company	2,227,625	6	2,544,885	6
	<u>39,031,263</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>39,552,674</u>	<u>100</u>

All fund managers operating the pooled investment vehicles are registered in the Republic of Ireland.

Details of investments held at year end

	2018 €	2017 €
Pooled Investment Vehicles		
Fixed Interest Funds		
Diversified Funds	2,960,002	2,420,604
Property Funds	33,843,636	34,411,818
	-	175,367
Total	<u>36,803,638</u>	<u>37,007,789</u>
	2018 €	2017 €
AVC investments		
Diversified Funds	<u>2,227,625</u>	<u>2,544,885</u>

Notes to the financial statements

13 Investments continued

Fair Value

In line with the guidelines set out in the SORP and FRS 102, for all financial instruments held at fair value, it is required to disclose, for each class of assets, an analysis of the level of fair value hierarchy. A fair value measurement is categorised on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The fair value of investments has been determined using the following hierarchy:

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

The Scheme's investment assets and liabilities have been included at fair value:

Fair Value Current Year	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2018
	€	€	€	€
Pooled Investment Vehicles	-	36,803,638	-	36,803,638
AVC investments	-	2,227,625	-	2,227,625
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	-	39,031,263	-	39,031,263
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Fair Value Prior Year	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2017
	€	€	€	€
Pooled Investment Vehicles	-	37,007,789	-	37,007,789
AVC investments	-	2,544,885	-	2,544,885
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	-	39,552,674	-	39,552,674
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes to the financial statements

13. Investments (continued)

Risk Disclosures

Introduction

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks. These are set out under FRS 102 as follows:

- **Credit risk:** the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.
- **Market risk:** comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.
 - **Currency risk:** the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
 - **Interest rate risk:** the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
 - **Other price risk:** the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Investment Objectives

The overall investment objective of the Trustees is to ensure that the benefits of the Scheme continue to be affordable and that ultimately the level of benefits set out in the Trust Deed and Rules are secured.

Investment Policy

The Trustees have established a Statement of Investment Principles (SIPP) which sets out the investment strategy and policies for the scheme, the investment objectives, asset allocations as well as the procedures for managing and monitoring investments and the related risks. The Trustees have determined an investment strategy after receiving advice from their investment consultants. Implementation of the investment strategy has been delegated to professional investment managers. The investment strategy and implementation arrangements of the Scheme are reviewed regularly by the Trustees

Risk measurement

The Scheme is exposed to credit risk and market risk (which includes currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk) arising from the financial instruments it holds. The Trustees will manage a range of investment risks in order to create a prudent, diversified and efficient portfolio. The Trustees recognise the importance of measuring the risk of the chosen investment policy by reference to the liabilities. Risk is measured by considering the following risk factors:

- The potential deterioration of the financial position of the Scheme;
- The risk of not achieving a sufficient level of investment return to match the growth in liabilities; and
- The intentions of the Sponsor

Risk Management Processes

The Trustees measure and monitor risk in their portfolio on a regular basis. They do this by ensuring effective reporting of portfolio and liability information, which is considered as part of trustee meetings.

Notes to the financial statements

13. Investments (continued)

Strategic Asset Allocation

The split between growth and risk-reducing assets is determined to best reflect the funding and risk tolerances of both the Sponsor and the Trustees, while also taking market conditions into account. It also involves ongoing consideration of:

- How the risk-reducing portfolio might best be constructed in order to reflect the nature of the liabilities and;
- How the growth portfolio might be most efficiently constructed to seek to deliver return.

The current investment strategy is outlined below.

Asset Class	Strategic Allocation	Benchmark Index
<u>Growth Portfolio</u>		
Global Equities	25.0%	FTSE World Index (100% Hedged)
Emerging Market Equities	4.0%	MSCI Emerging Market Equity Index
Minimum Volatility Equities	10.0%	MSCI World Minimum Volatility Index
Total Equities	39.0%	Composite
Emerging Market Debt	2.0%	JP Morgan GBI – EM Global Diversified Index
Absolute Return Strategies	10.0%	Cash +4%
Absolute Return Bonds	9.0%	Cash+ 2%
Total Non-Equity Growth Assets	21.0%	Composite
Total Growth Portfolio	60.0%	Composite
<u>Risk-Reducing Portfolio</u>		
Nominal Bonds	5.0%	Customised to the term of the liabilities
French Inflation Linked Bonds	17.5%	Customised to the term of the liabilities
German Inflation Linked Bonds	17.5%	Customised to the term of the liabilities
Total Risk Reducing Portfolio	40.0%	Composite
Total Portfolio	100.0%	Composite

Notes to the financial statements

13. Investments (continued)

Risk disclosure under FRS 102

The investment strategy of the Scheme is implemented using a range of authorised pooled investment vehicles, including some which are written as life assurance policies. An element of counterparty credit risk is therefore inherent in the fund structure employed. However, the investment managers are obliged to comply with regulatory requirements applicable to the asset management sector. In addition, the life assurance companies are required to comply with regulatory requirements applicable to the insurance sector.

The risk is managed by investing with managers which are appropriately regulated and audited. This risk is monitored by the Trustees, on an ongoing basis by way of review of the investment manager performance and the regulatory environment in which these managers operate. Further, Irish Life and Standard Life are required to comply with the Solvency requirements of Life Assurance companies.

The funds used to implement the investment strategy above are exposed to indirect credit and market risks and, as required under FRS 102, these risks are tabulated below.

Key:

- Significant impact
- Partial impact
- Low/Occasional impact
- No impact

Asset Class	Investment Manager	Credit Risk	Market Risk		
			Currency	Interest rate	Other
Global Equity	Global Equities (Hedged) (Irish Life)	●	○	●	●
Emerging Market Equities	Emerging Market Equities (Irish Life)	●	●	●	●
Minimum Volatility Equities	Minimum Volatility Equities (Irish Life)	●	●	●	●
Emerging Market Debt	Emerging Market Debt (Irish Life)	●	●	●	●
Nominal Bonds	Long-Dated Nominal Bonds (Irish Life)	●	○	●	●
Inflation Linked bonds	Long Dated Inflation-Linked Bonds (Irish Life)	●	○	●	●

Notes to the financial statements

13. Investments (continued)

Asset Class	Investment Manager	Credit Risk	Market Risk		
			Currency	Interest rate	Other
Absolute Return	Global Absolute Return Strategies Fund (Invesco)	●	●	●	●
Absolute Return Bonds	Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund (Standard Life)	●	●	●	●

Investment risk can be considered in a number of different ways and so there must be an element of subjectivity involved in the interpretation of the risks listed under FRS102 and in the assessment of their impact above.

It should be noted that the risks above are not independent; no asset class is risk free and combinations of the above risks (and others) can influence any asset as market conditions vary. The Trustees consider investment risk holistically by regularly reviewing their investment strategy in the context of the evolution of the liabilities.

It should be noted that defined benefit pension scheme liabilities are valued with reference to interest rates. Consequently, the Scheme tries to mitigate the interest rate risk relative to its liabilities by holding appropriately dated, high quality bond assets in its risk-reducing portfolio which is constructed to reflect the specific liability profile of the Scheme.

The value of assets held in each asset class/fund above is outlined in Note 13 of the Trustee Annual Report.

Date: 31 December 2018

Notes to the financial statements

14. Investment management expenses

	2018 €	2017 €
Investment manager fees	15,691	15,927

The investment manager fees are in relation to the AVC investments and are deducted from the funds.

15. Current assets

	2018 €	2017 €
Contributions due from employer in respect of		
- Employer	93,812	96,880
- Contributions due in respect of AVCs	16,657	16,807
- Member	37,517	38,817
Cash balance	3,565	3
Death Benefits due	-	160,003
	<u>151,551</u>	<u>312,510</u>

16. Current liabilities

	2018 €	2017 €
Retirement benefits payable	19,076	-
Transfers out payable	29,856	30,791
Death Benefit Payable	-	160,003
Pensions payable	33,682	29,686
	<u>82,614</u>	<u>220,480</u>

17. Contingent liabilities

As stated on page 15 of these financial statements, liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits in the future have not been taken into account. On that basis, in the opinion of the Trustees, the Scheme had no contingent liabilities at the year end.

Notes to the financial statements

18. Related party transactions

- A The Trustees: The Trustees of the Scheme are detailed on page 7 of the report. During the year, two of the Trustees, Mary Ann Mc Dermott and Rory O'Neill were members of the Scheme. The contributions are made in accordance with the Trust Deed & Rules and the Actuary's recommendations.
- B Remuneration of the Trustees: The Trustees did not receive any remuneration during the year or are not due any remuneration from the Scheme in connection with the management of the Scheme.
- C Principal Employer: the Law Society of Ireland is the principal employer. The employer contributions to the Scheme are made in accordance with the Trust Deed and Actuary's recommendations.
- D The Registered Administrator: Mercer (Ireland) Limited is the registered administrator. The registered administrator did not receive any and is not due any remuneration from the fund, in connection with the administration of the Scheme. Fees payable to the registered administrator in respect of administration, consultancy, actuarial and accounting work for the year are borne the principal employer. The Scheme Actuary is an employee of Mercer (Ireland) Limited. The cash held by the registered administrator at the year end on behalf of the Scheme was €3,565 (2017: €3).
- E The Investment Managers: Irish Life Investment Managers Limited, Standard Life Investments Limited and Invesco Asset Management Limited (appointed 18 June 2018) were appointed by the Trustees to manage the Scheme's assets. Additional Voluntary Contributions have separately invested policies with New Ireland Life Assurance Company plc. The Investment Managers are remunerated on a fee basis calculated as a percentage of the assets under management. These fees are reflected in unit prices and borne by the Scheme.

19. Employer Related Investments

There were no employer related investments at any time during the year.

20. Subsequent events

Since the year end, there have been no significant events that would require amendment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

21. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 20 September 2019



Appendices

Statement of Risks

Statement concerning the condition of the Scheme, in particular concerning the financial, technical and other risks associated with the Scheme and their distribution.

Under law, the Trustees are required to describe the condition of the Scheme and the risks associated with the Scheme and disclose these to members.

In a "defined benefit" Scheme the main risk is that there will be a shortfall in the assets (for whatever reason) and the employer will not be willing or able to pay the necessary contributions to make up the shortfall. If that occurs, members may not get their anticipated benefit entitlements.

Some of the reasons why a shortfall could arise are as follows (this list may not be exhaustive):

- The assets may grow more slowly than expected, or even fall in value, depending on the performance of underlying markets and the securities chosen.
- Similarly, the liabilities may grow faster than expected due to higher salary or pension increases, or due to unfavourable movements in interest rates, or due to mortality and other elements of the Scheme's experience varying from the assumptions made.
- The administration of the Scheme may fail to meet acceptable standards. The Scheme could fall out of statutory compliance or the fund could fall victim to fraud or negligence. The benefits communicated to members could differ from the liabilities valued by the actuary.

If the Scheme were to wind up and the assets were insufficient to meet benefits due, the law specifies that members' additional voluntary contributions (AVCs), and then pensioners, have first call on the Scheme's assets before benefits can be paid to those who have yet to reach normal retirement age.

The priority order governing the wind up of a defined benefit scheme signed on the 25 December 2013 states that where there is a scheme deficit and a solvent employer, pensioners will no longer receive full priority up front on wind up but will continue to receive priority over active and deferred members in respect of their benefits (excluding post-retirement pension increases) in accordance with the following limits:

- 100% of the pension if the annual pension is €12,000 or less
- the greater of €12,000 or 90% of the pension where the annual pension is between €12,000 and €60,000
- the greater of €54,000 or 80% of the pension if the annual pension is €60,000 or more

Any remaining scheme assets would then be used to secure 50% of active and deferred members' benefits (excluding post-retirement pension increases) before any further distribution can be made to "top up" pensioners' benefits to 100%.

Apart from the potential for regulatory or legislative change, which is outside the control of the Trustees, the Trustees are satisfied that they are taking all reasonable steps to protect the members from the effects of these risks, including:

- Professional investment managers have been appointed to manage the Scheme's investments, the Scheme holds a range of diversified assets and there is regular monitoring of how these investments are performing.
- An actuarial valuation of the Scheme is carried out at least every three years to assess the financial condition of the Scheme and determine the rate of contributions likely to be required to meet the future liabilities of the Scheme. In addition, an annual review of the solvency position is carried out of the Scheme on the assumption that it is wound up. If the Scheme is found to be insolvent, the Trustees and the employer are required to complete a funding proposal for submission to the Pensions Authority with the objective of returning the Scheme to solvency.

Statement of Risks

- The Trustees have access to experienced professional advisers and administrators to assist with the proper running of the Scheme.

However, it is not possible to guard against every eventuality. For example, the employer may cease to trade, go into liquidation or may for other reasons decide to cease its liability to contribute to the Scheme. In this event, the fund may be wound up, future accrual of benefits may cease and accrued entitlements would be discharged from the available assets (which may or may not be sufficient to discharge member benefit expectations, as outlined above).

Also, it is necessary to take some investment risk and other risks in order to manage the affordability of the Scheme benefits and the capacity of the employer to meet this commitment.

The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme

Statement of Investment Policy Principles

Introduction

The purpose of this Statement of Investment Policy Principles (the "Statement") is to document the policies and guidelines that govern the management of the Scheme's assets. It has been reviewed and adopted by the Trustees; it outlines the responsibilities, objectives, policies and risk management processes in order that:

- (a) There is a clear understanding on the part of the Trustees, relevant Company staff, consultants and others as to the objectives and policies of the Trustees;
- (b) There are clear principles governing the guidelines and restrictions to be presented to the investment managers regarding their investment of the Scheme's assets;
- (c) The Trustees have a meaningful basis for the evaluation of the investment performance of the individual investment managers, investment performance of the Scheme as a whole and the success of overall investment strategy through achievement of defined investment objectives; and
- (d) The Trustees fulfil the requirements of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2006 to 2007, which stipulate that such a Statement is put in place.

It is intended that this Statement be sufficiently specific to be meaningful, but adequately flexible as to be practical. The intention is not to outline detailed guidelines for the Scheme's investment managers – this should be done within the specific legal agreements with those parties – but rather to state the general philosophy, risk appetite and policies of the Trustees that will shape the governance of the Scheme as a whole.

This Statement will be reviewed following any change in investment policy which impacts on the content of the Statement and at least every three years.

Identification of Investment Responsibilities

The sections below outline the roles of sponsor and trustee with regard to investment in order to ensure operational efficiency, accountability and clear lines of communication.

▪ **Company:**

The Company is the Scheme sponsor and contributes to the Scheme, but is generally not responsible for Scheme investments. However, the Trustees recognise that the Company's continued financial support for the Scheme is of utmost importance in serving the best interests of members and that the Trust Deed stipulates that investment policy must have due regard to the contribution policy set by the Company. Therefore the principles outlined in this Statement are not shaped by the objectives of the Trustees in isolation, but also by an understanding of the objectives (financial or otherwise) of the Company.

▪ **Trustees:**

The Trustees have fiduciary responsibility for Scheme investments. Their specific responsibilities include:

- (a) Identifying the Scheme's risk tolerance level and formulating an appropriate and efficient investment policy which best serves the interests of the members;

- (b) Delegating the management of Scheme investments to recognised experts. The Trustees recognize that their role is supervisory – not investment advisory;
- (c) Monitoring and evaluating performance results to ensure that all guidelines are being adhered to and objectives are being met;
- (d) Making any necessary changes to the parties chosen to provide services to the Scheme relating to the investment of assets; and
- (e) Regularly reviewing this Statement, which they have discretion to amend or restate at any time to reflect the current investment arrangements of the Scheme (as agreed in accordance with the Trust Deed and Rules).

Other parties with specific duties with regard to investment include the Scheme's consultants, fund managers, custodians and Scheme administrator.

Investment Objectives

The overall investment objective of the Trustees is to maximise the level of investment return at an acceptable level of risk, through adopting a prudent, carefully planned and well-executed investment policy. This will in turn assist in the Trustees' ultimate objective of maximising the security of benefits provided to members.

Risk Measurement Methods

In determining the level of risk appropriate to the Scheme at any point in time, the Trustees recognise the importance of the nature and duration of the liabilities, and measure the risk of the chosen investment policy by reference to these liabilities.

In particular, the Trustees consider the following risks:

- The risk of achieving an insufficient level of investment return relative to the rate required to match the growth in liabilities over time.
 - The required rate will depend on the funding policy adopted for the Scheme. Therefore, the Trustees acknowledge the critical need for interaction and co-operation between the Trustees and the Company when formulating investment policy.
- The risk of excessive volatility in the investment returns of the Scheme relative to the movement in liabilities over shorter-term periods (e.g. one year).
 - The Trustees will consider this volatility in relation to the liabilities measured under the Minimum Funding Standard basis, the Scheme Actuary's ongoing basis and any other relevant measures. The Trustees recognise that the pattern and volatility of the Scheme's investment returns can impact directly on the pattern and volatility of the Company's contribution rates and various accounting items. Therefore, risk will also be considered in these terms where appropriate.

Managing the two risks above *in isolation* may lead to conflicting investment policies. Therefore, in formulating an appropriate investment policy, the Trustees seek to arrive at an acceptable *balance* between these risks in order to best meet their investment objectives. Furthermore, the Trustees will manage a range of other investment risks using the risk management processes outlined in the next section in order to create a prudent, diversified and efficient portfolio.

Risk Management Processes

The Trustees will ensure, either through direct guidance or through ascertaining the suitability of any commingled (unitised) vehicles that are used, that policies and guidelines are in place for the appointed investment manager(s) and other providers such that:

- investments are, for the most part, limited to marketable securities traded on recognised/regulated markets;
- investment in derivative instruments may be made only in so far as they either contribute to a reduction of investment risks or facilitate efficient portfolio management. Any such derivative investment must avoid excessive risk exposure to a single counterparty and to other derivative operations;
- the portfolio is properly diversified in such a way as to avoid excessive reliance on any particular asset, issuer or group of undertakings and so as to avoid accumulations of risk in the portfolio as a whole. Investments in assets issued by the same issuer or by issuers belonging to the same group must not expose the scheme to excessive risk concentration; and
- the security, quality and liquidity of the portfolio as a whole is ensured, with due regard paid to the level of non-Euro currency exposure.

All investment managers are employed by the Trustees and subject to termination at any time.

Current Investment Policy

The current investment strategy of the Trustees is set out below along with a description of the investment manager arrangements adopted.

Strategic Asset Allocation

The Trustees have considered their strategic asset allocation mix and have established a long-term strategic asset allocation of approximately 60% in 'Return-Seeking' assets and 40% in 'Risk-Reducing' assets as suitably reflecting the investment objectives of the Scheme. Having had regard to the nature and duration of the expected future retirement benefits, the Trustees believe that such a strategy prudently positions the Scheme so as to achieve their objectives at the current time.

The table below sets out the strategic asset allocation as currently employed by the Trustees.

Current Strategy	
Asset Class	Central Weighting
Global Equities (100% Hedged)	25.0%
Emerging Market Equities	4.0%
Minimum Volatility Equities	10.0%
Total Equity	39.0%
Emerging Market Debt	2.0%
Absolute Returns	10.0%
Absolute Return Bonds	9.0%
Total Non-Equity Growth Assets	21.0%
Total 'Risk-Seeking' Assets	60.0%
Long-dated Nominal Bonds	5.0%
French Inflation Linked Bonds	17.5%
German Inflation Linked Bonds	17.5%
Total 'Risk-Reducing' Assets	40.0%
Total Fund	100.0%

The currency of the Scheme, and thus of the benchmark, is the Euro.

The Trustees recognize that even though the Scheme's investments are subject to short-term volatility, it is critical that a long-term investment focus be maintained. The Trustees intend to avoid ad-hoc revisions to their philosophy and policies in reaction to either speculation or short-term market fluctuations.

Manager Structure

The Trustees appointed Irish Life Investment Managers and Standard Life Investments to manage the Scheme's assets. Both Equity and Bond investments are managed on passive basis.

Performance Objectives

The performance objective of the Scheme's investment with Irish Life Investment Managers is to produce a return in-line with the agreed benchmark. The specified benchmarks for the Scheme funds are outlined in the table below.

Fund	Active or Passive	Benchmark	Performance Objective
Global Equities (Hedged)*	Passive	FTSE World Hedged Euro	Return in-line with benchmark
Emerging Market Equities*	Passive	MSCI Emerging Market	Return in-line with benchmark
Minimum Volatility Equities*	Passive	MSCI World Min Vol (T-1)	Return in-line with benchmark
Emerging Market Debt*	Passive	JP Morgan GBI-EM	Return in-line with benchmark
Global Absolute Return Strategies Fund (Invesco)	Active	Cash	Target cash (6 mth Euribor) + 5% p.a. (gross of fees) over rolling 3 year basis
Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund (Standard Life)	Active	Cash	Target cash (3 mth Euribor) +3% p.a. (gross of fees) over rolling 3 year basis
Long-dated Nominal Bonds*	Passive	Merrill Lynch Eurozone Gov Nominal > 10yrs GDP	Return in-line with benchmark
Long-dated Inflation Linked Bonds*	Passive	Barclays Euro Govt >15-Year Inflation Linked Bond Index	Return in-line with benchmark

* Part of Law Society of Ireland's bespoke fund (LSI Balanced).

Performance is evaluated against these objectives by the Trustees on at least an annual basis, with a critical review every three years.

Effective Date of this Statement: September 2018

Investment Manager's Report THE LAW SOC OF IRE PENSION & LIFE ASSURANCE SCHEME 23369-01

Investment Report for Year Ended 31 December 2018

Bid Value @ 31/12/2017	€31,117,152
Net Contributions	€148,795
Appreciation /Depreciation	(€957,215)
Bid Value @ 31/12/2018	€30,308,732
Investment Return for the Year	
European Property Fund	6.7%
L&SI Balanced	-3.1%

Investment Policy

The long term investment objectives of your pension fund are to achieve a return on fund assets which is sufficient, over the long-term, to meet your funding objectives and to earn a rate of return on assets that will exceed inflation and the risk free rate (cash).

In general, this will require a long-term investment return of at least price inflation plus 4% per annum. Examination of the long term return characteristics of asset types indicates that these objectives are most likely to be achieved by allocating a higher proportion of the fund to risk assets, such as equities and property with lower allocations to monetary assets such as bonds and cash. Each scheme however is unique and as such will have its own unique characteristics that determine the appropriate asset allocations between risk & monetary assets. Risk assets as outlined above whilst providing superior longer term returns, tend to be more volatile when compared with monetary assets which historically have provided lower returns but with less volatility.

Investment Performance

For the year ending 31st December 2018, equities have generated negative returns. Positive support for equities initially came from a positive economic growth and earnings backdrop but political woes, end-of-cycle concerns and monetary policy tightening caused equity markets to fall towards the end 2018.

Support was provided at the start of the year by the signing of the long awaited US tax bill where the reduction of the corporate tax rate to 21 percent took effect from the 1st of January and combined with other elements, underpinned US growth and corporate earnings in 2018. The FTSE® World Index returned -4.16% for the 12 months period.

Eurozone bonds have generated positive returns over the last twelve months. German yields initially rose over the last year on evidence of a pick-up in inflation and concerns over a possible reduction in the level of policy accommodation being provided by global central banks but have fallen over the last couple of months due to slowing growth, heightened political risk in the Eurozone and worries regarding a global trade war. While peripheral spreads were tighter over the majority of the last 12 months, they widened in the second half

of the year due to worries surrounding the Italian fiscal deficit and a worsening economic and political environment. The ICE BofA ML EMU >5 yrs bond index returned 1.61% for the year ending 31st December 2018.

The Irish property market has continued to generate positive returns on strong levels of activity, falling yields, particularly in prime offices, and improving rental growth. The overall property sector has been supported by an attractive income yield of approx. 4.7%. Property returned 5.42% for the year ending 31st December 2018.

Assets of the Fund

Your fund invests through Irish Life's range of unit-linked pension funds. Virtually all of these assets are readily tradable on recognised markets or exchanges. Our unit-linked funds are managed very prudently, so that the security of your fund's assets is high. The funds are valued daily in accordance with recognised practices.

Investment Strategy

Your fund invests in the LSI Balanced

The performance objective of the Law Society of Ireland Pension & Life Assurance Scheme's investment with LLM is to produce a return in-line with the agreed benchmark. The specified allocation and relevant benchmarks for the Law Society of Ireland's bespoke fund are: 28.4% World Equities (Hedged), 12.3% Minimum Volatility Equities, 5% Emerging Market Equities, 2.5% Small Cap Equities and 43.2% Passive Inflation-Linked Long Bonds, 2.5% Emerging Market Bonds and 6.1% > 10 Year GDP Weighted Bonds.

Asset Type	Region	% Weight
Equity	Emerging Market	100.00

Investment Manager's Report THE LAW SOC OF IRELAND TRANSFER IN ACCOUNT 23369-02

Investment Report for Year Ended 31 December 2018

Bid Value @ 31/12/2017	€360,885
Net Contributions	(€81,386)
Appreciation / Depreciation	(€8,670)
Bid Value @ 31/12/2018	€270,829
Investment Return for the Year	
Pension Consensus Fund S3	-4.0%

Investment Policy

The long term investment objectives of your pension fund are to achieve a return on fund assets which is sufficient, over the long-term, to meet your funding objectives and to earn a rate of return on assets that will exceed inflation and the risk free rate (cash).

In general, this will require a long-term investment return of at least price inflation plus 4% per annum. Examination of the long term return characteristics of asset types indicates that these objectives are most likely to be achieved by allocating a higher proportion of the fund to risk assets, such as equities and property with lower allocations to monetary assets such as bonds and cash. Each scheme however is unique and as such will have its own unique characteristics that determine the appropriate asset allocations between risk & monetary assets. Risk assets as outlined above whilst providing superior longer term returns, tend to be more volatile when compared with monetary assets which historically have provided lower returns but with less volatility.

Investment Performance

For the year ending 31st December 2018, equities have generated negative returns. Positive support for equities initially came from a positive economic growth and earnings backdrop but political woes, end-of-cycle concerns and monetary policy tightening caused equity markets to fall towards the end 2018.

Support was provided at the start of the year by the signing of the long awaited US tax bill where the reduction of the corporate tax rate to 21 percent took effect from the 1st of January and combined with other elements, underpinned US growth and corporate earnings in 2018.

The FTSE® World Index returned -4.16% for the 12 months period.

Eurozone bonds have generated positive returns over the last twelve months. German yields initially rose over the last year on evidence of a pick-up in inflation and concerns over a possible reduction in the level of policy accommodation being provided by global central banks but have fallen over the last couple of months due to slowing growth, heightened political risk in the Eurozone and worries regarding a global trade war. While peripheral spreads were tighter over the majority of the last 12 months, they widened in the second half of the year due to worries surrounding the Italian fiscal deficit and a worsening economic and

political environment. The ICE BofA ML EMU >5 yrs bond index returned 1.61% for the year ending 31st December 2018.

The Irish property market has continued to generate positive returns on strong levels of activity, falling yields, particularly in prime offices, and improving rental growth. The overall property sector has been supported by an attractive income yield of approx. 4.7%. Property returned 5.42% for the year ending 31st December 2018.

Assets of the Fund

Your fund invests through Irish Life's range of unit-linked pension funds. Virtually all of these assets are readily tradable on recognised markets or exchanges. Our unit-linked funds are managed very prudently, so that the security of your fund's assets is high. The funds are valued daily in accordance with recognised practices.

Investment Strategy

Your fund invests in the Pension Consensus Fund S3

The Consensus Fund adopts the average asset and country allocation of all the investment managers included in the Pension Pooled Fund Survey. This information is published quarterly, but we monitor the mix continuously. Within each market, the fund tracks the market return by investing in a basket of securities in the same proportion as they are represented in the relevant market index. Efficient trading within each portfolio minimises the transaction costs, adding value which is reflected in the performance. This strategy eliminates the manager selection risk and produces consistent long-term managed fund growth while avoiding violent swings from the top to the bottom of the performance league table.

Asset Type	Region	% Weight
Alternatives	Global	0.27
	Bond	
	Eurozone	11.66
Equity	Eurozone Non-Govt	5.78
	International	0.02
	Eurozone	6.66
Property	US	35.52
	Eurozone	10.80
	Japan	5.28
	Pacific	4.72
	UK	4.31
	Europe ex Eurozone	4.07
	Emerging Mkt	2.69
	Ireland	1.22
	Ireland	6.98



The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme Monthly Report Invesco Global Targeted Returns Fund

As at 31 December 2018

Invesco Global Targeted Returns Fund

Account	33544
Currency	EUR
Product	SIQAV
Inception date	18 June 2018

Account valuation	
Share class	Share price
Acc C	€10.6707
Shares held	305,891.29
Total value	€3,264,074.19

Monthly trades

Purchases:		Debt price		Shares purchased	
Trade date	Deal price	Shares purchased	Deal price	Shares sold	Proceeds
There were no purchases during the period					

Sales:		Shares sold <th colspan="2">Proceeds</th>		Proceeds	
Trade date	Deal price	Shares sold	Deal price	Shares sold	Proceeds
There were no sales during the period					

Performance		Net		Gross Benchmark		Relative	
Account performance*							
1 Month	0.48	0.54	-0.03	0.57			
3 Month	-2.90	-2.73	-0.08	-2.65			
Cumulative since inception	-3.71	-3.35	-0.17	-3.18			

*Performance is calculated gross as well as net of fee of 0.70%

**Relative performance figures show the difference between the gross and net performance

***Past performance is not a guide to future returns

Risk

Expected Fund Risk¹ 2.36

Total independent risk 14.10

Independent risk breakdown by asset type



Independent risk breakdown by region



Market and economic review

December turned into something of a greatest hits compilation of all the concerns that have been haunting markets throughout 2018 with global equity markets ending down in what became the worst year for equities since the financial crisis. The US was volatile with light volumes around the Christmas holidays producing record falls on normally quiet days before rebounding strongly to keep the major markets out of bear market territory. The US Federal Reserve was in focus, raising rates and spooking markets with forecasts for two further hikes in 2019. Meanwhile, President Trump presided over a partial government shutdown triggered around him getting funding for his border wall. Global trade was again a dominant theme with no signs of Trump backing down from his protectionist stance, which appears to be increasingly entrenching global growth. In the UK, Brexit provided a leadership challenge to Prime Minister May, as she failed to pass her deal through parliament. These factors also continued to trouble investors and traders of risk. Emerging markets were held up relatively well and developed economies were held back. Some of the major concerns elsewhere as investors sought 'safe havens' while concerns over the strength of the global economy grew.

Account performance

The account returned 0.54% in December compared to 3-month EURIBOR, which returned -0.03%. The fund return was positive during the month. Our commodities ideas recovered November losses. In particular 'Commodity - Short', as natural gas prices returned to levels last seen in late September and oil prices continued to fall for most of the month. The Australian and Canadian legs of our leveraged developed markets interest rates idea also performed well with rates falling in both countries. Property prices falling in Australia and China growth issues are proving to be a drag on Australian assets. Global growth issues also brought Canadian government debt yields lower. The long energy equity exposure within our 'Equities - Global' idea detracted during the period as the oil price continued to struggle. Our market exposure to Japanese and UK equities was also a negative over the month. However, our idea preferring the Japanese yen to the Korean won ended the month strongly with the yen closing the year as the only G10 currency to gain against the US dollar during 2018.

Fund strategy

During the month, no ideas were added or removed. We reduced the Canadian exposure in our 'Interest Rates - Leveraged DM' idea and introduced a Canadian strepper (where we expect the difference between long-term and short-term rates to increase) in our 'Interest Rates - Global Yield Curves' idea. We also made some other small changes; reducing natural gas positions in our commodities ideas and removing some protection against an upside interest rates shock in both our 'Interest Rates - Selective EM Debt' and our 'Credit - Selective Credit' ideas.

Independent risk breakdown by idea

Idea	Independent risk ¹	% of total independent risk
Commodity - Commodity Carry	0.19	1.35
Commodity - Commodity Short	0.63	4.49
Credit - Selective Credit	0.32	2.29
Credit - US High Yield	0.40	2.83
Currency - Indian Rupee vs Chinese Renminbi	0.48	3.44
Currency - Japanese Yen vs Korean Won	1.13	8.01
Currency - Long EM Carry	0.63	4.49
Currency - Swedish Krona vs Euro	0.61	4.31
Currency - US Dollar vs Euro	0.67	4.05
Currency - US Dollar vs Taiwan Dollar	0.41	2.93
Equity - European Divergence	1.33	9.53
Equity - Japan	0.59	4.17
Equity - Selective Asia Exposure	0.61	4.35
Equity - UK	0.51	3.59
Equity - US Large Cap vs Small Cap	0.44	3.15
Inflation - Short Pan Euro	0.61	4.30
Interest Rates - Global Yield Curves	0.40	2.82
Interest Rates - Leveraged DM	0.56	3.98
Interest Rates - Selective EM Debt	0.71	5.05
Interest Rates - Yield Compression	0.75	5.30
Volatility - Asian Equities vs US Equities	0.57	4.06
Volatility - Australian Dollar and Canadian Dollar	0.64	4.57
Volatility - Global Equity Volatility	0.36	2.53
Cash & Residual FX	0.24	1.57
Total	14.10	100.00

Contact us

Client Director

Magdalena Kennedy

Telephone +44(0)20 3219 2723

www.invesco.co.uk/institutional

Important information

All data is as at 31 December 2018 sourced from Invesco unless otherwise stated.

1. Expected fund risk - the expected volatility of the fund as measured by the standard deviation of the current portfolio of ideas over the last three and a half years.

2. Independent risk - the expected volatility of an individual idea as measured by its standard deviation over the last three and a half years.

Account performance: Daily time weighted methodology. The figures are shown in sterling on a total return basis. The inception figures show the cumulative and annualised performance since the date of appointment.

Benchmark: The reference benchmark is 3-Month EURIBOR. Benchmark sources: Bloomberg.

Objective: The fund aims to achieve a positive total return in all market conditions over a rolling 3 year period. The fund targets a gross return of 5% p.a. above 3 month EURIBOR (or an equivalent reference rate) and aims to achieve this with less than half the volatility of global equities, over the same rolling 3 year period. There is no guarantee that the fund will achieve a positive return or its volatility target.

Investment risks

The value of investments and any income will fluctuate (this may partly be the result of exchange rate fluctuations) and investors may not get back the full amount invested.

Past performance is not a guide to future returns.

The fund will invest in derivatives (complex instruments) which will be significantly leveraged resulting in large fluctuations in the value of the fund. The fund may hold debt instruments which are of lower credit quality and may result in large fluctuations of the value of the fund. Debt instruments are exposed to credit risk which is the ability of the borrower to repay the interest and capital on the redemption date.

Where Invesco has expressed views and opinions, these may change.

Where securities are mentioned they do not necessarily represent a specific portfolio holding and do not constitute a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell.

Telephone calls may be recorded.

Please refer to the most up to date relevant fund and share class-specific Key Investor Information Document for more information on our funds. Further information on our products is available using the contact details shown.

The distribution and the offering of the fund or its share classes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this document may come are required to inform themselves about and to comply with any relevant restrictions. This does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such an offer is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation.

Persons interested in acquiring the fund should inform themselves as to (i) the legal requirements in the countries of their nationality, residence, ordinary residence or domicile; (ii) any foreign exchange controls and (iii) any relevant tax consequences.

The fund is available only in jurisdictions where its promotion and sale is permitted.

For the purposes of UK law, the fund is a recognised scheme under section 264 of the Financial Services & Markets Act 2000. The protections provided by the UK regulatory system, for the protection of Retail Clients, do not apply to offshore investments.

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Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund

31 December 2018

Aberdeen Standard Investments

The fund aims to provide positive investment returns in the form of income and capital growth in all market conditions over the medium to long term. The fund is actively managed, with a wide investment remit to target a level of return over rolling three-year periods equivalent to cash plus three percent a year, gross of fees. It exploits market inefficiencies through active allocation to a diverse range of market positions. The fund uses a combination of traditional assets (such as bonds, cash and money market instruments) and investment strategies based on advanced derivative techniques, resulting in a highly diversified portfolio. The fund may take long and short positions in markets, securities and groups of securities through derivative contracts.

Past performance is not a guide to future returns and future returns are not guaranteed. The price of assets and the rate of return may fall as well as rise and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive more or less than the original investment. The fund will use derivatives extensively to reduce risk or cost, or to generate additional capital or income at low risk, or to meet its investment objective. Usage of derivatives is monitored to ensure that the fund is not exposed to excessive or unintended risk. The value of assets held within the fund may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate fluctuations.

Fund Manager	Multi Asset Investing Team	Shareclass	EUR (hedged)
Shareclass Launch	14 Jun 2011	Base Currency	GBP
Date		Benchmark**	3 Month Sterling LIBOR
		Duration	0.8 Yrs
Current Fund Size*	€2,128.0m		

* Fund size calculated using the base currency in Sterling converted into Euros using the FX rate of 1:1.11 on 31/12/2018.
 ** This is the fund benchmark. Where shareclasses are available in a different currency to the fund's base currency, an alternative benchmark will be referenced for performance comparison purposes. For example, for a USD-hedged shareclass, performance will be referenced against a USD-hedged version of the fund benchmark or a local currency (equivalent) index.

This document is intended for use by individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. To help you understand this fund and for a full explanation of specific risks and the overall risk profile of this fund and the shareclasses within it, please refer to the key investor information documents and prospectus which are available on our website - www.standardinvestments.com. Please note fund information tables are updated on quarterly basis only (31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December). Due to rounding, the underlying sections may not sum to the total. Aberdeen Standard Investments has not considered the suitability of investment against your individual needs and risk tolerance. If you are in any doubt as to whether this fund is suitable for you, you should seek advice. An adviser is likely to charge for advice. We are unable to provide investment advice. Contributions may not sum to total due to rounding.

Fund Information *

Stand-alone risk contribution by strategy type

	Share class (GBP)
Credit	1.30
Inflation	0.85
Duration	0.57
Gross Market	0.47
FX	0.44
Curve	0.22
Cash	0.14
Volatility	0.06
Total stand-alone vol:	4.04
Diversification:	2.14
Overall Volatility:	1.91

Top ten risk contributions by strategy

	Share class (GBP)
Short UK Inflation	0.86
Short US Interest Rates	0.75
Short-Dated Credit	0.52
Swedish Flatteners vs Canadian Steepener	0.51
Brazilian Government Bonds	0.40
Long Norwegian Krone vs Euro	0.36
Canadian Interest Rates	0.33
European vs Swedish Interest Rates	0.29
Long US Inflation	0.26
Long US Dollar vs South Korean Won	0.25

Return contribution by strategy type

	Q4 Contribution (%)
Credit	0.04
Gross Market	0.20
Curve	0.09
Duration	-0.17
FX	-0.02
Inflation	-0.36
Volatility	0.13
Cash	0.05
Residual	-0.59
Total:	-0.64

Top 5 Return Contributors by strategy

	Q4 Contribution (%)
Brazilian Government Bonds	0.47
Canadian Interest Rates	0.43
Swedish Flatteners vs Canadian Steepener	0.29
Long Interest Rate Volatility	0.13
Short-Dated Credit	0.11
European Conditional	-0.60
Short US Interest Rates	-0.19
High Yield Credit	-0.18
Long US Inflation	-0.17
Contingent Capital Bonds	-0.17
Short UK Inflation	-0.13

Fund Performance *



Performance has been calculated over the stated period on the share price performance basis, based on the institutional shareclass and net of fees. For your relevant charges please contact your Aberdeen Standard Investments Sales Representative. Source: Aberdeen Standard Investments (Fund) and Thomson Reuters DataStream (Benchmark)

Cumulative Performance

Source: Aberdeen Standard Investments (Fund) and Thomson Reuters DataStream (Benchmark)

	YTD (%)	1 Month (%)	3 Months (%)	6 Months (%)	1 Year (%)
Retail Fund Performance	-4.0	-0.4	-1.3	-2.9	-4.0
Institutional Fund Performance	-3.4	-0.4	-1.2	-2.5	-3.4
3 Month EURIBOR	-0.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3

	3 years (%)	5 years (%)	Since launch (%)
Retail Fund Performance	-6.9	-6.3	-2.9
Institutional Fund Performance	-5.0	-3.0	2.4
3 Month EURIBOR	-0.9	-0.7	0.9

Note: Past Performance is not a guide to future performance. The price of shares and the income from them may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed; an investor may receive back less than their original investment. For full details of the fund's objective, policy, investment and borrowing powers and details of the risks investors need to be aware of, please refer to the prospectus.

The fund does not have an index-tracking objective.

Definitions

Duration - gives an indication of a bond's sensitivity to a change in interest rates. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on specified date. It does not include any impact from charges.

Market review

Fears about global growth, geopolitics and the likely effects of US interest rate rises combined to unnerv investors in December. Riskier investments such as equities endured a torrid month, as investors sought shelter in more defensive assets.

One reason for the deterioration in investor sentiment was the US Federal Reserve's (Fed) latest interest rate rise. Many observers questioned the need for higher rates at a time when global growth shows signs of faltering. Among the critics was President Trump, who responded by threatening to sack Fed chairman Jerome Powell. Added to this was political discord, with impasse over the budget leading to a US government shutdown. Subsequent details from the White House about Mr Powell's potential dismissal and strong US holiday retail sales provided only partial reassurance. Sentiment in Europe was dampened by political upsets and signs of lacklustre economic growth. In the UK, deadlock over Brexit, worries about global trade and falling oil prices again dominated newsflow. Markets in Japan and Asia mirrored the trends seen elsewhere.

As investors' appetite for risk ebbed, government bonds and other perceived defensive assets fared relatively well. US Treasuries rose (yields fell). This was despite the latest US rate hike, after the Fed stated that interest rates would rise more gradually than had been expected. Similarly, government bonds in Germany, the UK, Canada and Australia were among those to post gains for December.

Corporate bonds underperformed government bonds. This reflected investors' mounting worries about high levels of corporate debt in an environment of rising interest rates and weakening global demand, in the risk-averse environment, investment-grade corporate bonds generally performed better than their high-yield counterparts.

US economic momentum remained broadly intact, with unemployment reaching a 49-year low. However, consumer confidence slipped, indicating misgivings about the

economic outlook. European data was again sluggish, prompting the European Central Bank to cut its growth forecasts. In the UK, Brexit-related uncertainty continued to undermine business confidence and investment.

Oil prices fell further, a measure of concern that the world economy is weakening at a time when output is surging.

Activity

We closed our position preferring the Japanese yen over the Australian dollar. We replaced it with a position favouring the US dollar over the Korean won. We expect this to provide better returns in the event that global trade tensions continue. Additionally, the position offers an attractive 'carry' return (where we profit from the difference in interest rates between the US and Korea).

We added a position preferring the Norwegian krone to the euro, after these currencies had moved to levels we deemed attractive. We expect Norway's relatively strong economy and favourable monetary policy outlook to support the krone over the medium term.

Performance

The Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund returned -0.37% (net of fees) during the month, compared to the benchmark three-month EURIBOR return of -0.03%.

The positive performance of US Treasuries hurt our short US interest rates strategy, which is designed to benefit when Treasuries fall (and yields rise). Conversely, the positive performance of Canadian government bonds rewarded our Canadian interest rates and Swedish flattener versus Canadian steepener positions. Canada's economy is relatively reliant on oil and other commodities. As such, the weak oil price acted as a further incentive for investors to seek the relative safety of Canadian government bonds. December's environment also proved beneficial for our interest rate volatility strategy.

Contrary to our view, US inflation expectations declined during the month owing to low oil prices. As a result, our long US inflation and US versus European inflation positions both delivered negative returns.

Corporate bond markets lost ground in December, driving negative returns from our high-yield and European investment-grade corporate bond exposures. This was partly offset by positive contributions from our short-dated credit and short-dated emerging market corporate credit positions.

As expected, Brazil's central bank left interest rates unchanged. It also hinted that rates would likely remain low for a longer period than previously expected. This proved positive for our Brazilian government bonds position.

Turning to currency strategies, the recently added long Norwegian krone versus euro position hindered performance. Oil and gas account for around 20% of Norway's economy, and the krone was impacted by the decline in oil prices.

Outlook

Our central view is that global growth has peaked and headwinds are building. However, we believe modest broad-based global growth will continue, albeit with regional variations. Government tax policy and spending plans, and the changing monetary policies of central banks will be important drivers of asset returns – especially as the pace of change remains unclear. The US is continuing to raise interest rates, albeit gradually. The European Central Bank ended its monetary support programme in December. We believe it will remain cautious about raising rates. In the near term given the uncertainty around Brexit and signs of weakness in the Eurozone economy, Japan, meanwhile, is likely to maintain a supportive monetary path.

Geopolitical tensions are still elevated and asset prices still look expensive on many metrics, despite the recent sell-off. We seek to benefit from the opportunities these conditions present by implementing a diversified range of strategies across multiple asset classes.

	Retail Acc	Retail Dist	Institutional Acc	Institutional Dist	Currency
Bloomberg	SLGUHAEIX		SIGJHDEIX		EUR
ISIN	LU0548159160		LU0548159994		EUR
WIK	AJBEF		AJBEG		EUR
Domicile	Luxembourg				
Custodian Name	The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, 2-4, Rue Eugene Ruppert, L2453 Luxembourg.				
Auditor Name	KPMG Luxembourg, 39, Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.				
		Interim	Annual		
Reporting Dates		30 Jun	31 Dec		
Settlement Time	T+3				
Email	LUXMB-ASI-TAG@bny Mellon.com				
Telephone	+352 24 525 716				
Share Price Calculation Time	15:00 (Luxembourg time)				
Dealing Cut Off Time	13:00 (Luxembourg time)				

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Risk Factors

The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.

The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.

The fund may invest in emerging market equities and / or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks.

Investing in derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives will result in the fund being leveraged (where economic exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses. The fund makes extensive use of derivatives.

The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.

All investment involves risk. This fund offers no guarantee against loss or that the fund's objective will be attained.

Inflation reduces the buying power of your investment and income.

The value of assets held in the fund may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate fluctuations.

The fund could lose money if an entity (counterparty) with which it does business becomes unwilling or unable to honour its obligations to the fund.

In extreme market conditions some securities may become hard to value or sell at a desired price.

The fund could lose money as the result of a failure or delay in operational processes.

Additional Information for Switzerland : The prospectus, the key investor information documents, the articles of incorporation, the annual and semi-annual report in German, and further information can be obtained free of charge from the representative in Switzerland: Carnegie Fund Services S.A., 11, rue du Général-Dufour, CH-1204 Geneva, Switzerland, web: www.carnegie-fund-services.ch. The Swiss paying agent is: Banque Cantonale de Genève, 17, quai de l'Île, CH-1204 Geneva. The last share prices can be found on www.fundinfo.com.

To find out more about our fund range, visit our website or alternatively speak to your usual contact at Standard Life Investments.

www.aberdeenstandard.com

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Investment Report

Prepared for: The Law Society of Ireland Pension & Life Assurance Scheme
Prepared by: New Ireland Assurance

Pension Passive Multi-Asset Fund

Performance Factsheet

Fund Description:

This predominantly passively managed fund, previously known as the Pension Consensus Fund, aims to generate long term returns through exposure to a range of asset classes. Current asset class exposure is c.70% equities, 15% bonds, 10% alternatives & 5% cash with equity exposure to developed & emerging markets. Alternatives may include actively managed commodities, infrastructure & listed property. The fund will aim to remove c. 75% of the effect of currency movements on equity exposure to developed markets

Managed By: Underlying fund is managed by SSGA

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, Bonds, Property, Cash

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Pension Passive Multi-Asset Fund	-5.1%	-8.8%	0.0%	-6.2%	12.5%	40.5%	152.3%

Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Pension Passive Multi-Asset Fund	-5.1%	-8.8%	0.0%	-6.2%	4.0%	7.0%	9.7%

Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Pension Passive Multi-Asset Fund	-6.2%	10.7%	8.2%	7.6%	16.1%	15.8%	15.5%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:

-6.2% Pension Passive Multi-Asset Fund

Warning: Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance
Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up.
Warning: This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates
Warning: If you invest in this fund you may lose some or all of the money you invest.

Risk Profile:



At a Glance

Total Fund Size €2.14 million
Launch Date 22.12.99

Source: Longboat Analytics
Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019, which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day.
Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.' means per annum.

Asset Split

as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Geographic Split

as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

Fund Commentary - Paul Clancy, Investment Writer, State Street Global Advisors December 2018

The global equity sell-off accelerated in December amid continuing concerns on US interest rates, Brexit and valuations. The US S&P 500 slumped 9%, while Japan's Nikkei 225 dropped 10%. Europe's market fared somewhat 'better', but Germany's Dax, France's CAC and Ireland's ISEQ were still about 5-6% lower. The MSCI World Index posted a negative total return of -8.5% in euro terms, while the MSCI Emerging Markets fell by a more modest 3.6%. Government bonds made gains as investors turned defensive. German 10y yields fell to 0.24% from 0.31%, while Italy 10y fell to 2.74% from 3.21% as a compromise on its budget plans was agreed

Risk Factors of Investing

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For more information on our funds:
Talk to your Financial Broker or Advisor

Warning: Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance
Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up.
Warning: This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates
Warning: If you invest in this fund you may lose some or all of the money you invest

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Fund Description:

Passive IRIS is aimed primarily at individuals who at retirement intend to take a retirement lump sum and invest in an Approved Retirement Fund with the balance of the fund. To achieve this objective there is a gradual switch from a higher risk investment strategy to a low to medium risk strategy in the period running up to retirement. If you intend to purchase an annuity at retirement, or take your proceeds as a taxable lump sum, we have other investment strategies which may better meet your needs.

Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Risk Profile:

Lifestyle

At a Glance
Total Fund Size €1,211 million
Launch Date 20.11.08

Source: Longboat Analytics
Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019 which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day
Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.'

Performance as at 01 January 2019							
Cumulative	10Yrs						
1Mth	3Mth						
-2.1%	-3.4%						
0.0%	-1.7%						
0.0%	6.8%						
0.0%	21.5%						
0.0%	117.7%						
Annualised	10Yrs (p.a.)						
1Mth	3Mth						
-2.1%	-3.4%						
0.0%	-1.7%						
0.0%	2.2%						
0.0%	4.0%						
0.0%	8.1%						
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2020	-1.7%	3.5%	5.0%	2.2%	11.3%	11.0%	15.5%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:
Passive IRIS Fund 2020 -1.7%

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Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

Risk Factors of Investing

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Fund Description:

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Style: Passively managed

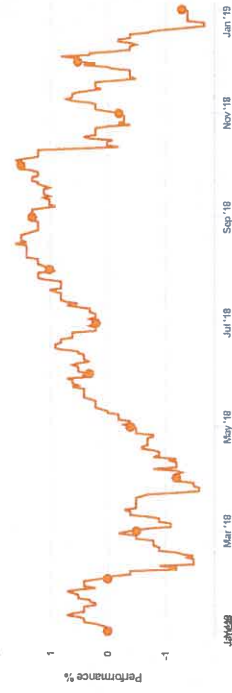
Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2018	-1.6%	-2.7%	0.0%	-1.3%	4.7%	19.9%	104.8%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2018	-1.6%	-2.7%	0.0%	-1.3%	1.6%	3.7%	7.4%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2018	-1.3%	1.1%	5.0%	1.4%	12.9%	8.3%	15.5%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund: -1.3% Passive IRIS Fund 2018

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Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

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Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Actively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

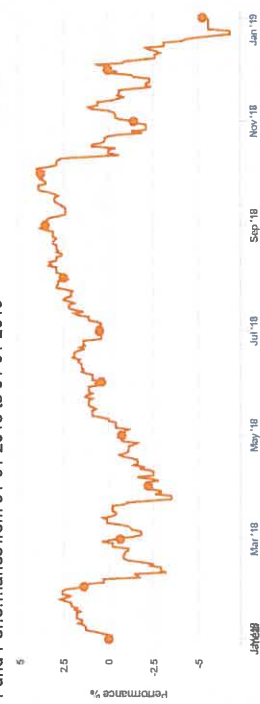
Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2031	-5.3%	-8.8%	0.0%	-5.3%	14.1%	32.4%	144.6%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2031	-5.3%	-8.8%	0.0%	-5.3%	4.5%	5.8%	9.4%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2031	-5.3%	9.9%	9.6%	2.6%	13.2%	13.8%	15.6%

Source: Longboat Analytics

Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019, which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day. Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges (p.a.) means per annum.

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund: -5.3% Passive IRIS Fund 2031

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Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



61.7% Equities
29.2% Bonds
3.5% Com. Bonds
4.3% Property
1.3% Cash

Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

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Fund Description:

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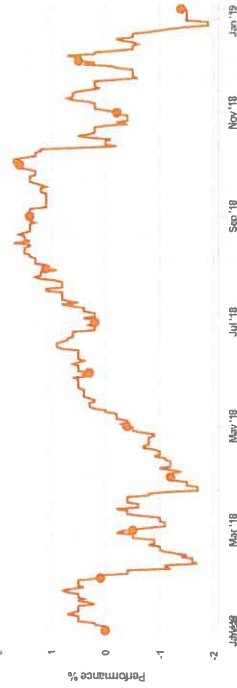
Managed By:	State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)
Style:	Passively managed
Asset Mix:	Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund

Performance as at 01 January 2019

	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2019	-1.9%	-3.0%	0.0%	-1.4%	5.9%	20.5%	106.7%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2019	-1.9%	-3.0%	0.0%	-1.4%	1.9%	3.8%	7.5%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2019	-1.4%	2.3%	5.1%	1.9%	11.7%	8.7%	15.5%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund: -1.4% Passive IRIS Fund 2019

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Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



- 36.1% Cash
- 19.5% Equities
- 16.9% Government Bonds
- 6.3% Corporate Bonds
- 5.6% Property
- 1.5% Long Bonds

Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

Risk Profile:



At a Glance
Total Fund Size €1,211 million
Launch Date 07.09.06

Source: Longboat Analytics
Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019, which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day.
Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.' means per annum

Passive IRIS Fund 2019

Performance Factsheet -continued

Risk Factors of Investing

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Passive IRIS Fund 2023

Performance Factsheet

Fund Description:

Passive IRIS is aimed primarily at individuals who at retirement intend to take a retirement lump sum and invest in an Approved Retirement Fund with the balance of the fund. To achieve this objective there is a gradual switch from a higher risk investment strategy to a low to medium risk strategy in the period running up to retirement. If you intend to purchase an annuity at retirement, or take your proceeds as a taxable lump sum, we have other investment strategies which may better meet your needs.

Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2023	-2.8%	-4.7%	0.0%	-2.6%	10.0%	27.0%	133.8%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2023	-2.8%	-4.7%	0.0%	-2.6%	3.2%	4.9%	8.9%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2023	-2.6%	6.5%	6.0%	3.1%	12.0%	12.9%	15.7%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics

Selected Fund:
 -2.6% Passive IRIS Fund 2023



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Asset Split

as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf

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Fund Description:

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Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

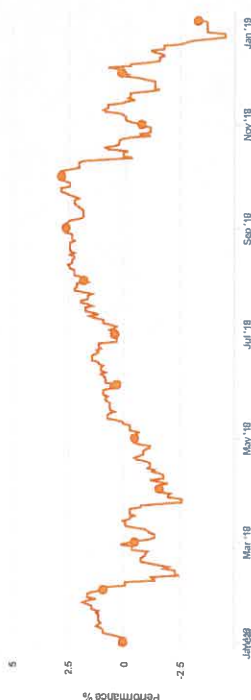
Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2025	-3.5%	-5.9%	0.0%	-3.3%	11.0%	28.9%	143.7%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2025	-3.5%	-5.9%	0.0%	-3.3%	3.5%	5.2%	9.3%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2025	-3.3%	7.9%	6.5%	3.4%	12.3%	15.6%	15.7%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund: ■ -3.3% Passive IRIS Fund 2025

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Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



- 43% Equities
- 27.1% Corporate Bonds
- 13% Long Bonds
- 5.6% Property
- 4.5% Cash
- 4.2% Government Bonds
- 2.6% Alternative Investments

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Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf.

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Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2029	-4.9%	-8.3%	0.0%	-4.9%	13.3%	31.5%	142.9%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2029	-4.9%	-8.3%	0.0%	-4.9%	4.3%	5.6%	9.3%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2029	-4.9%	10.0%	8.3%	2.6%	13.2%	13.8%	15.6%

Source: Longboat Analytics

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Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:

Passive IRIS Fund 2029

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Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up.

Warning: This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates.

Warning: If you invest in this fund you may lose some or all of the money you invest.

Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

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Risk Factors of Investing

At New Ireland we classify our wide range of funds into seven different risk categories to help you better understand the risks to your original investment. Investing should always be considered over the medium to long-term (at least 7 years) so as to reduce the risk of short-term volatility. However, even long-term investing involves risk as values will fluctuate over time. Please talk to your financial broker or advisor and refer to the fund information available on our website www.newireland.ie for the key features of the fund, charges, risks associated with investing and for a description of the stated risk profile. Separately European Union (EU) law also requires that a risk indicator be applied to a fund if certain products are held (excludes pensions), and it may differ from the New Ireland risk category. The EU indicator is stated in the Fund Information Sheet and can be found at <http://fundcentre.newireland.ie/#KIDS>.

Fund Description:

Passive IRIS is aimed primarily at individuals who at retirement intend to take a retirement lump sum and invest in an Approved Retirement Fund with the balance of the fund. To achieve this objective there is a gradual switch from a higher risk investment strategy to a low to medium risk strategy in the period running up to retirement. If you intend to purchase an annuity at retirement, or take your proceeds as a taxable lump sum, we have other investment strategies which may better meet your needs.

Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2021	-2.3%	-3.8%	0.0%	-2.0%	7.6%	23.2%	121.2%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2021	-2.3%	-3.8%	0.0%	-2.0%	2.5%	4.3%	8.3%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2021	-2.0%	4.6%	4.9%	2.7%	11.5%	11.2%	15.5%

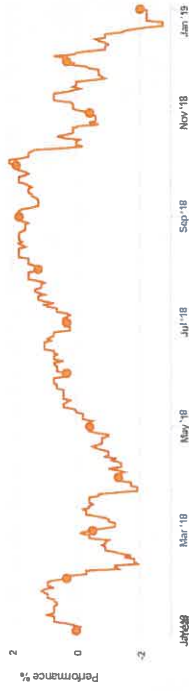
Source: Longboat Analytics

Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019, which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day. Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.' means per annum.

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics

4



Selected Fund:

Passive IRIS Fund 2021

Warning: Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance. The value of your investment may go down as well as up. Warning: This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates. Warning: If you invest in this fund you may lose some or all of the money you invest.

Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



- 26.8% Equities
- 23.9% Cash
- 17.7% Corporate Bonds
- 7.3% Government Bonds
- 7.3% Alternative Investment
- 6.5% Long Bonds
- 5.9% Property

as at 31 December 2018

For more information on our funds:
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Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf

Risk Factors of Investing

At New Ireland we classify our wide range of funds into seven different risk categories to help you better understand the risks to your original investment. Investing should always be considered over the medium to long-term (at least 7 years) so as to reduce the risk of short-term volatility. However, even long-term investing involves risk as values will fluctuate over time. Please talk to your financial broker or advisor and refer to the fund information available on our website www.newireland.ie for the key features of the fund, charges, risks associated with investing and for a description of the stated risk profile. Separately European Union (EU) law also requires that a risk indicator be applied to a fund if certain products are held (excludes pensions), and it may differ from the New Ireland risk category. The EU indicator is stated in the Fund Information Sheet and can be found at <http://fundcentre.newireland.ie/#KIDS>.

Fund Description:

Passive IRIS is aimed primarily at individuals who at retirement intend to take a retirement lump sum and invest in an Approved Retirement Fund with the balance of the fund. To achieve this objective there is a gradual switch from a higher risk investment strategy to a low to medium risk strategy in the period running up to retirement. If you intend to purchase an annuity at retirement, or take your proceeds as a taxable lump sum, we have other investment strategies which may better meet your needs.

Managed By: State Street Global Advisors (SSGA)

Style: Passively managed

Asset Mix: Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2030	-5.1%	-8.5%	0.0%	-5.2%	13.5%	31.7%	143.3%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2030	-5.1%	-8.5%	0.0%	-5.2%	4.3%	5.7%	9.3%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2030	-5.2%	10.2%	8.5%	2.6%	13.2%	13.8%	15.6%

Risk Profile:



At a Glance
Total Fund Size €1,211 million
Launch Date 07.09.06

Source: Longboat Analytics
Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019, which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day.
Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.' means per annum.

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:
-5.2% Passive IRIS Fund 2030

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Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up.
Warning: This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates.
Warning: If you invest in this fund you may lose some or all of the money you invest.

Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf:

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Risk Factors of Investing

At New Ireland we classify our wide range of funds into seven different risk categories to help you better understand the risks to your original investment. Investing should always be considered over the medium to long-term (at least 7 years) so as to reduce the risk of short-term volatility. However, even long-term investing involves risk as values will fluctuate over time. Please talk to your financial broker or advisor and refer to the fund information available on our website www.newireland.ie for the key features of the fund, charges, risks associated with investing and for a description of the stated risk profile. Separately European Union (EU) law also requires that a risk indicator be applied to a fund if certain products are held (excludes pensions), and it may differ from the New Ireland risk category. The EU indicator is stated in the Fund Information Sheet and can be found at <http://fundcentre.newireland.ie/#KIDS>.

Fund Description:

Passive IRIS is aimed primarily at individuals who at retirement intend to take a retirement lump sum and invest in an Approved Retirement Fund with the balance of the fund. To achieve this objective there is a gradual switch from a higher risk investment strategy to a low to medium risk strategy in the period running up to retirement. If you intend to purchase an annuity at retirement, or take your proceeds as a taxable lump sum, we have other investment strategies which may better meet your needs.

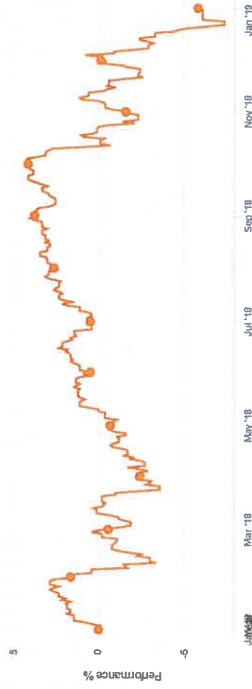
Managed By:	Slate Street Global Advisors (SSGA)
Style:	Passively managed
Asset Mix:	Equities, property, bonds, cash and the PRIME 3 Fund.

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Passive IRIS Fund 2034 Onwards	-5.7%	-9.4%	0.0%	-5.8%	12.6%	31.6%	149.5%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Passive IRIS Fund 2034 Onwards	-5.7%	-9.4%	0.0%	-5.8%	4.0%	5.6%	9.6%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Passive IRIS Fund 2034 Onwards	-5.8%	11.0%	7.7%	3.8%	12.6%	16.1%	15.7%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:
 -5.8% Passive IRIS Fund 2034 Onwards

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Risk Profile:

Lifestyle
Lifestyle

At a Glance
 Total Fund Size €1,211 million
 Launch Date 07/09/06

Source: Longboat Analytics.
 Performance is based on the price calculated for 01 January 2019 which is calculated using close of market prices from the previous working day.
 Performance is quoted gross of taxation and gross of fund management charges 'p.a.' means per annum

Asset Split
as at 31 December 2018



Source: Longboat Analytics

Continued overleaf

Risk Factors of Investing

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Fund Description:

This fund invests in the SSGA EUR Liquidity Fund, deposits, money-market instruments, short dated government bonds and other cash-like instruments. The fund aims to generate a return in line with short-term deposit rates before charges are deducted.

Managed By: State Street Global Advisors Limited

Style: Actively managed

Asset Mix: Primarily cash deposits, high quality floating rate notes and short-dated investments

Risk Profile:



Very Low Risk

At a Glance

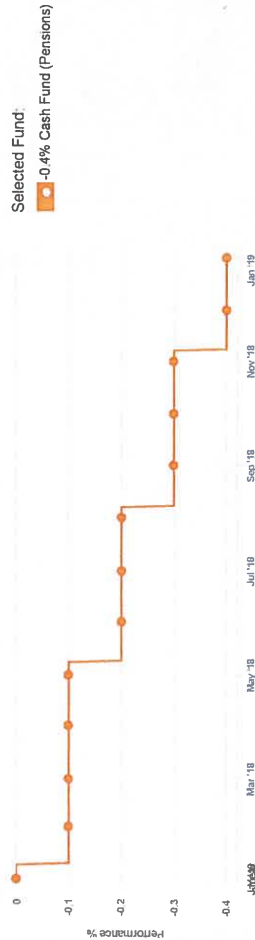
Total Fund Size €749 million
Launch Date 22.12.99

Performance as at 01 January 2019

Cumulative	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	10Yrs
Cash Fund (Pensions)	0.0%	-0.1%	0.0%	-0.4%	-1.1%	-1.0%	3.5%
Industry Average Returns	0.0%	0.0%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-1.1%	-1.6%	1.1%
Annualised	1Mth	3Mth	YTD	1Yr	3Yrs (p.a.)	5Yrs (p.a.)	10Yrs (p.a.)
Cash Fund (Pensions)	0.0%	-0.1%	0.0%	-0.4%	-0.4%	-0.2%	0.3%
Calendar Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Cash Fund (Pensions)	-0.4%	-0.5%	-0.2%	-0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%

Fund Performance from 01-01-2018 to 01-01-2019

Source: Longboat Analytics



Selected Fund:

0.4% Cash Fund (Pensions)

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Continued overleaf

Risk Factors of Investing

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Terms and conditions apply. Revenue limits apply. Benefits at retirement may be subject to tax.

This report contains information on funds and other matters which have been selected for inclusion in the report by you or your Trustees. This report may contain information which has not been provided or compiled by New Ireland Assurance Company plc and it is important to understand that New Ireland Assurance Company plc assumes no responsibility for the contents of this report. The report is not intended to be a comprehensive guide to all funds, products or markets in which you may be invested. The contents of the report is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer or recommendation to invest in any funds mentioned, buy or sell any investment or to subscribe to any investment management or advisory service without consulting with a financial advisor. While the information has been taken from sources believed to be reliable, the accuracy or completeness of the information is not guaranteed and any such information may be incomplete or condensed. Any opinions and estimates included in the report constitute best judgment as at the dates stated and are subject to change without notice. Mention of any specific stocks/shares, asset types, geographic regions or investment type is not a recommendation to trade in them. Details of any funds included or information on the composition of the funds are as at the dates stated and may change over time. If there is any conflict between the information in this report and the policy conditions which govern existing products in which you have invested, the policy conditions attaching to your investment products will apply.

Investing involves some degree of risk. The level of risk associated with each fund may differ. It is important to understand that, unless otherwise stated, the value of your investment in any of the funds mentioned may go down as well as up. For some funds that invest in shares or bonds, the assets in that fund may be used for the purpose of securities lending in order to earn an additional return for the fund. While securities lending increases the level of risk within a fund it provides an opportunity to increase the investment return. Investing in a geared fund or a fund that contains an element of gearing can lead to potentially increased returns when asset growth is positive, however it should be noted that any losses are magnified. In the event that the investment does not perform as intended an investor may not receive back all of their original capital and in extreme circumstances may lose their entire capital. New Ireland's unit linked funds are managed by a range of fund managers. The fund manager varies by fund. Details of the fund manager will appear on any fund information sheets which have been selected for inclusion in this report.

New Ireland Assurance Company plc is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. A member of Bank of Ireland Group. The Company may hold units in the funds mentioned on its own account.

**The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme
Year ended 31 December 2018**

Pensions Authority reference number PB 3399

Actuary's Statement

The last Actuarial Funding Certificate was prepared with an effective date of 31 December 2015. This certificate confirmed that the Plan satisfied the Funding Standard set out in Section 44(1) of the Pensions Act, 1990 at that effective date.

The last Funding Standard Reserve Certificate was also prepared with an effective date of 31 December 2015. This certificate confirmed that the Plan held sufficient additional assets to satisfy the Funding Standard Reserve set out in Section 44(2) of the Pensions Act, 1990 at that effective date.

I am reasonably satisfied that the Plan continued to meet the Funding Standard provided for in Section 44(1) of the Pensions Act, 1990 at 31 December 2018.

I am also reasonably satisfied that the Plan met the Funding Standard Reserve provided for in Section 44(2) of the Pensions Act, 1990 at 31 December 2018.



Cathal Fleming

Fellow of the Society of Actuaries in Ireland
Certificate Number P109

2 August 2019



An tÚdarás Pinsean
The Pensions Authority

SCHEDULE BD

Article 4

ACTUARIAL FUNDING CERTIFICATE

THIS CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN PREPARED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 42(1) OF THE PENSIONS ACT 1990 (the ACT) FOR SUBMISSION TO THE PENSIONS AUTHORITY BY THE TRUSTEES OF THE SCHEME

SCHEME NAME: The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme

SCHEME COMMENCEMENT DATE: 01/01/1991

SCHEME REFERENCE NO.: PB3399

EFFECTIVE DATE: 31/12/2015

EFFECTIVE DATE OF PREVIOUS CERTIFICATE (IF ANY): 31/12/2012

On the basis of information supplied to me, having complied with any guidance prescribed under section 42(4)(b) of the Act and, subject thereto, having regard to such financial and other assumptions as I consider to be appropriate, I am of the opinion that at the effective date of this certificate:-

(1) the resources of the scheme, which are calculated for the purposes of section 44(1) of the Act to be €32,328,000.00, would have been sufficient if the scheme had been wound up at that date to provide for the liabilities of the scheme determined in accordance with section 44(1) of the Act which, including the estimated expenses of administering the winding up of the scheme, amount to €23,676,000.00, and

(2) €0.00 of the resources of the scheme referred to in paragraph (1) comprise contingent assets, in accordance with and within the meaning of the guidance issued by the Authority and prescribed under section 47 of the Act.

I, therefore, certify that as at the effective date of this certificate the scheme satisfies the funding standard provided for in section 44(1) of the Act.

I further certify that I am qualified for appointment as actuary to the scheme for the purposes of section 51 of the Act.

Signature: Cathal Fleming **Date:** 30/09/2016

Name: Mr. Cathal Fleming **Qualification:** FSAI

Name of Actuary's Employer/Firm: Mercer (Ireland) Limited **Scheme Actuary Certificate No.:** P109

Submission Details

Submission Number: SR1231414 **Submitted Electronically on:** 30/09/2016

Submitted by: Cathal Fleming



An tÚdarás Pinsean
The Pensions Authority

SCHEDULE BE

Article 4

FUNDING STANDARD RESERVE CERTIFICATE

THIS CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42(1A) OF THE PENSIONS ACT 1990 (the ACT) FOR SUBMISSION TO THE PENSIONS AUTHORITY BY THE TRUSTEES OF THE SCHEME

SCHEME NAME: The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme

SCHEME COMMENCEMENT DATE: 01/01/1991

SCHEME REFERENCE NO.: PB3399

EFFECTIVE DATE: 31/12/2015

EFFECTIVE DATE OF PREVIOUS CERTIFICATE (IF ANY): 31/12/2012

On the basis of information supplied to me, having complied with any guidance prescribed under section 42(4)(b) of the Act and, subject thereto, having regard to such financial and other assumptions as I consider to be appropriate, I am of the opinion that at the effective date of this certificate:-

(1) the funding standard liabilities (as defined in the Act) of the scheme amount to €21,102,000.00,

(2) the resources of the scheme (other than resources which relate to contributions or a transfer of rights to the extent that the benefits provided are directly related to the value of those contributions or amount transferred (DC resources)), calculated for the purposes of section 44(1) of the Act amount to €29,754,000.00,

(3) €12,166,000.00, of the amount referred to in paragraph (2) (subject to a maximum of an amount equal to the funding standard liabilities) is invested in securities issued under section 54(1) of the Finance Act 1970 (and known as bonds), securities issued under the laws of a Member State (other than the State) that correspond to securities issued under section 54(1) of the Finance Act 1970, cash deposits with one or more credit institutions and such other assets (if any) as are prescribed under section 44(2)(a)(iv) of the Act,

(4) the amount provided for in section 44(2)(a) of the Act (Applicable Percentage x ((1) minus (3))) is €894,000.00,

(5) the amount provided for in section 44(2)(b) of the Act, being the amount by which the funding standard liabilities of the scheme would increase if the interest rate or interest rates assumed for the purposes of determining the funding standard liabilities were one half of one per cent less than the interest rate or interest rates (as appropriate) assumed for the purposes of determining the funding standard liabilities less the amount by which the resources of the scheme (other than DC resources) would increase as a result of the same change in interest rate or interest rates is €40,000.00,

(6) the aggregate of (4) and (5) above amounts to €934,000.00, and

(7) the additional resources (as defined in the Act) of the scheme amount to €8,652,000.00, of which, in accordance with and within the meaning of the guidance issued by the Authority and prescribed under section 47 of the Act, €0.00 comprises contingent assets and €0.00 of such contingent assets comprise an unsecured undertaking.

I therefore certify that as at the effective date of the funding standard reserve certificate, the scheme does hold sufficient additional resources to satisfy the funding standard reserve as provided in section 44(2) of the Act.

I further certify that I am qualified for appointment as actuary to the scheme for the purposes of section 51 of the Act.

Signature: C. Cathal Fleming **Date:** 30/09/2016
Name: Mr. Cathal Fleming **Qualification:** FSAI
Name of Actuary's Employer/Firm: Mercer (Ireland) Limited **Scheme Actuary Certificate No.:** P109

Submission Details

Submission Number: SR1231426 **Submitted Electronically on:** 30/09/2016
Submitted by: Cathal Fleming

The Law Society of Ireland Pension and Life Assurance Scheme (“the Scheme”) - PB 2741

Report on Actuarial Liabilities

Under Section 56 of the Pensions Act, 1990, and associated regulations, the Trustees of defined benefit pension schemes are required to have a valuation¹ of the Scheme prepared on a triennial basis. The most recent formal actuarial valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 31 December 2015. A copy of the report is available to Scheme members on request.

One of the purposes of the valuation is to set out the Scheme’s ongoing funding level. It does this by comparing the value of the Scheme’s accumulated assets with the value of its accrued liability. The assets and liabilities emerging from the last valuation were as follows:

	€ 000s
Value of Accumulated Assets	30,216
Value of Accrued Liability	<u>29,214</u>
Surplus / (Deficit)	1,002
Funding Level	103%

Valuation Method & Assumptions

The value of the accrued liability was calculated by firstly projecting the accrued benefits payable in the future, making assumptions in relation to financial matters such as salary and pension increase rates and demographic matters such as mortality rates. The resultant projected benefit cashflows were then discounted to the valuation date to arrive at a single capitalised value.

A summary of the most significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued liability is set out below (full details are provided in the Scheme’s actuarial funding report):

Financial assumptions	
<i>Discount Rates</i>	
Pre-retirement	4.25%
Post retirement	2.45%
<i>Benefit Increases</i>	
Price inflation	1.50%
Salary Increases	2.00%
Pension increases	0/1.50%
Demographic assumptions	
Post retirement mortality table	Table 80% S2PMA for males and & 75% S2PFA for females with allowance for improvements
A complete description of all other demographic assumptions can be found in the formal actuarial funding valuation report.	

The next valuation is due to be completed with an effective date not later than 31 December 2018.

¹It should be borne in mind that a valuation is only a snapshot of a scheme’s estimated financial condition at a particular point in time; it does not provide any guarantee of future financial soundness of a scheme. Over time, a scheme’s total cost will depend on a number of factors, including the amount of benefits paid and the return earned on any assets invested to pay benefits.



Mercer (Ireland) Limited
Charlotte House
Charlemont Street
Dublin 2
+353 1 6039700

Mercer (Ireland) Limited
23 - 25 South Terrace
Cork
+353 21 4910900

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Directors: Brian Caulfield, John Mercer, Donal O'Flaherty, Mary O'Malley, Ciara Ryan and Vincent Sheridan.

